

"We help our clients make significant investment decisions in the EU, by bringing biofuels expertise, market visibility and latest updates, crucial in the decision making process and allowing them to understand biofuels maket mechanisms."

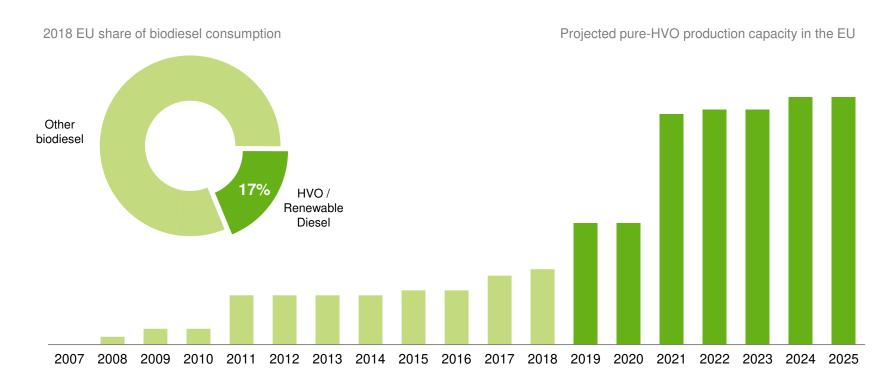
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## Renewable Diesel – known as HVO - production capacity will double by 2025 in the EU and triple globally



Source: Greenea Analysis

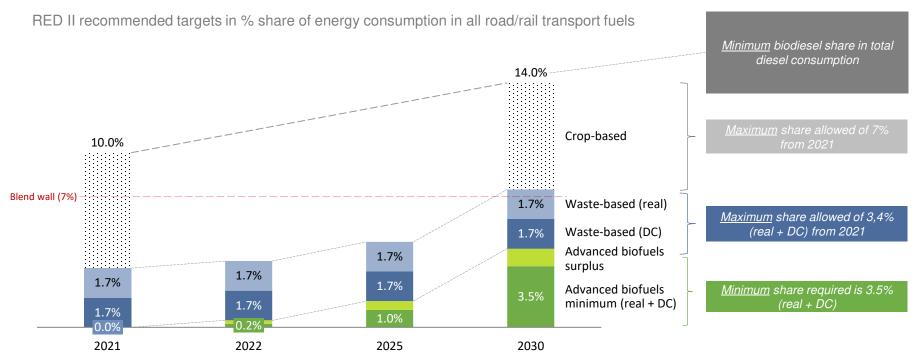
Note: this forecast does not include co-processing HVO factories; HVO = Hydrotreated Vegetable Oil



### HVO production capacity will triple by 2025

## WHY?

## **At short & long term:** RED II directive was adopted on December 2018 – total biodiesel demand will increase by 35% in Europe



Source: European Commission, Greenea Analysis

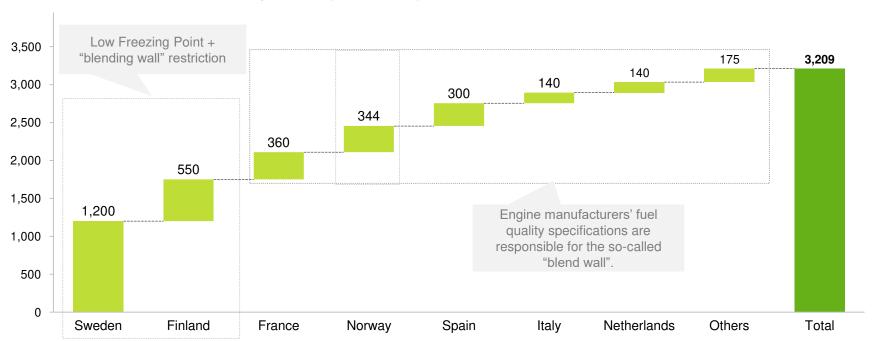
Notes: RED II = Renewable Energy Directive II; WB = Waste-based biodiesel; EU MS = EU Member States; DC = Double Counting



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## European countries have chosen renewable diesel for its low freezing point and to go beyond the blend wall

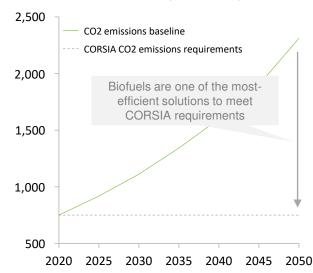
2019 Forecast HVO-diesel consumption in EU (thousand tons)



## Global frameworks such as CORSIA could trigger a sky-rocketting demand in HVO as the airline industry will have to drastically reduce its CO2 emissions

Airlines must find solutions to constrain CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at 2020 levels

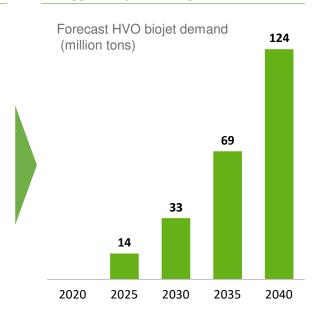
Airline CO2 emissions (million tons)



HVO / HEFA has already demonstrated its potential as a top quality renewable jet fuel

- More than 1000 flights with Lufthansa, KLM, SAS airlines
- Available at some European airports such as Oslo with 50% blend with conventional biofuel or Schiphol Rotterdam
- · Already available at industry scale
- For the first time, renewable jet fuel is delivered into plane via the airport's hydrant system

Biofuel democratization for airlines could trigger a sky-rocketting demand in HVO



Source: Greenea Analysis



## Biofuel demand will inevitably grow: sourcing of feedstock will be challenging in the EU due to a lack of feedstock resources and a too optimistic legislation

#### 1G - Crop-based

#### 2G - Waste-based

#### 3G - Advanced bio-feedstocks



**Low iLUC-risk biofuels:** Production is capped at +1pp from 2020 levels and cannot exceed 7% share of total feedstock production.

**High iLUC-risk biofuels:** production at 2019 consumption levels until 2023, followed by a gradual reduction to zero by 2030

**6% GHG target** in carbon intensity of road transport fuels in 2020



France and Norway to **stop considering palm oil** based fuels **as biofuels** from 2020

Opportunity for the US to export soybean offsetting palm oil EU imports ban and high GHG saving ethanol



Importations: there is a risk of supply shortage if high collecting countries (China, US, India) increase their local consumption of WB biodiesel



UCO volumes still to capture in the EU are mainly from households but volumes will be limited and will require a major investment



First estimations of EU advanced bio-feedstock resources show that biofuels producers are going to struggle for their acquisition.

Infrastructures and processing technologies for current biofeedstocks will not necessarily be suitable for 3G bio-feedstocks.

EU to rely on other wastebased feedstocks The EU legislation RED II is too optimistic regarding the adoption of advanced biofuels, limited opportunity for the 1G / 2G producers

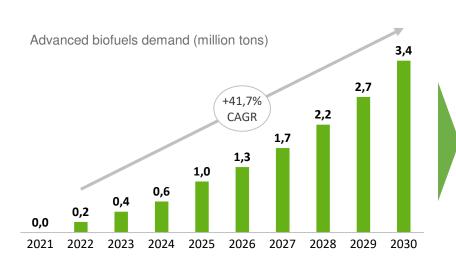
Source: Greenea Analysis

Note: 1G = First generation biodiesel; 2G = Second Generation biodiesel; 3G= Third generation biodiesel



#### Advanced Biofuels Case: European legislation to be more liberal than annouced

Advanced biofuels demand is set to boom according to the European legislation RED II...



... but advanced bio-feedstocks are not available at scale compared to the previous generation – 2<sup>nd</sup> generation - of bio-feedstocks

2nd generation feedstocks	Avaibility in 2020 - 2030
UCO	Medium High
Animal fat CAT 1 & 2	Medium
Advanced bio-feedstock (non exhaustive list)	Avalibility in 2020 - 2030
Algae	Low
Glycerin	Low / Medium
Bleaching Earth	Low
Straw	Medium
POME	Medium
Biomass fraction and industrial biowaste	Low

Regarding advanced biofuels, REDII objectives may not be reached – EU legislation to be softer than announced. Solutions will certainly not come from the traditional liquid biofuel.

Source: Greenea Analysis, EU Commission Note: CAGR = Compound Annual Growth Rate

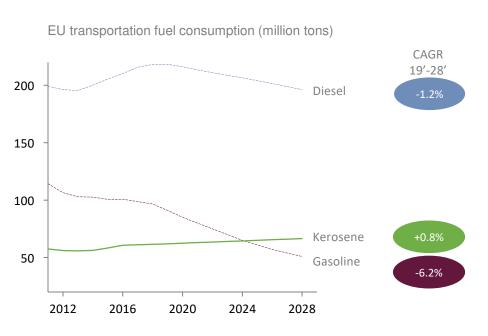


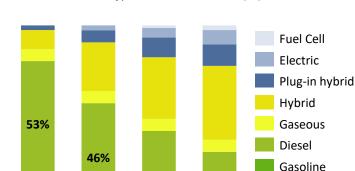
#### At long-term, a risk for the biodiesel industry is the transition towards hybrid and electric, while kerosene fuel is set to steadily keep growing

Kerosene is the only fuel segment projected to grow in the EU in the next 10 years...

... while diesel use is going to steadily decline in the European Union, from 53% to 33% of the total share of fuels

Forecast of fuel type shares in the EU (%)





38%

2040

2020

2030

33%

2050

## Greenea Consulting helps global and regional oil & gas players define their biofuel strategy

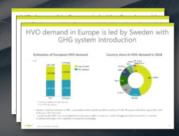
How to enter/expand in the biodiesel EU market?



How to secure your supply chain?



What is HVO competitive advantage and future market share?



Demand projections according to RED II and evolution of EU MS policies



Biodiesel prices drivers and forecast







#### Your brokerage & consulting partner for biofuels



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